- (3) Variation 3. Primary receptacles of any type may be placed within a secondary packaging and shipped without testing in the outer packaging provided all of the following conditions are met:
- (i) The secondary and outer packaging combination must be successfully tested in accordance with paragraphs (a) through (h) of this section with fragile (e.g., glass) inner receptacles.
- (ii) The total combined gross weight of inner receptacles may not exceed one-half the gross weight of inner receptacles used for the drop test in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (iii) The thickness of cushioning material between inner receptacles and between inner receptacles and the outside of the secondary packaging may not be reduced below the corresponding thicknesses in the originally tested packaging. If a single inner receptacle was used in the original test, the thickness of cushioning between the inner receptacles must be no less than the thickness of cushioning between the outside of the secondary packaging and the inner receptacle in the original test. When either fewer or smaller inner receptacles are used (as compared to the inner receptacles used in the drop test), sufficient additional cushioning material must be used to
- (iv) The outer packaging must pass the stacking test in §178.606 while empty. The total weight of identical packages must be based on the combined mass of inner receptacles used in the drop test in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (v) For inner receptacles containing liquids, an adequate quantity of absorbent material must be present to absorb the entire liquid contents of the inner receptacles.
- (vi) If the outer packaging is intended to contain inner receptacles for liquids and is not leakproof, or is intended to contain inner receptacles for solids and is not sift proof, a means of containing any liquid or solid contents in the event of leakage must be provided. This can be a leakproof liner, plastic bag, or other equally effective means of containment.

(vii) In addition, the marking required in §178.503(f) of this subchapter must be followed by the letter "U".

[Amdt. 178–97, 55 FR 52723, Dec. 21, 1990, as amended by Amdt. 178–111, 60 FR 48787, Sept. 20, 1995; 67 FR 53143, Aug. 14, 2002; 69 FR 54046, Sept. 7, 2004]

## Subpart N—IBC Performance-Oriented Standards

# § 178.700 Purpose, scope and definitions.

- (a) This subpart prescribes requirements applying to IBCs intended for the transportation of hazardous materials. Standards for these packagings are based on the UN Recommendations.
- (b) Terms used in this subpart are defined in §171.8 of this subchapter and in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c) The following definitions pertain to the IBC standards in this subpart.
- (1) Body means the receptacle proper (including openings and their closures, but not including service equipment) that has a volumetric capacity of not more than 3 cubic meters (3,000 L, 793 gallons, or 106 cubic feet).
- (2) Service equipment means filling and discharge, pressure relief, safety, heating and heat-insulating devices and measuring instruments.
- (3) Structural equipment means the reinforcing, fastening, handling, protective or stabilizing members of the body or stacking load bearing structural members (such as metal cages).
- (4) Maximum permissible gross mass means the mass of the body, its service equipment, structural equipment and the maximum net mass (see §171.8 of this subchapter).

[Amdt. 178–103, 59 FR 38068, July 26, 1994, as amended by Amdt. 178–108, 60 FR 40038, Aug. 4, 1995; 66 FR 45386, 45387, Aug. 28, 2001; 73 FR 57008, Oct. 1, 2008; 75 FR 5396, Feb. 2, 2010]

#### §178.702 IBC codes.

(a) Intermediate bulk container code designations consist of: two numerals specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; followed by the capital letter(s) specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section; followed, when specified in an individual section, by a numeral indicating the category of intermediate bulk container.

#### § 178.703

(1) IBC code number designations are as follows:

	For solids, discharged		
Туре	by gravity	Under pressure of more than 10 kPa (1.45 psig)	For liquids
Rigid	11 13	21	31

- (2) Intermediate bulk container code letter designations are as follows:
- "A" means steel (all types and surface treatments).
- "B" means aluminum.
- "C" means natural wood.
- "D" means plywood.
- "F" means reconstituted wood.
- "G" means fiberboard.
- "H" means plastic.
- "L" means textile.
- "M" means paper, multiwall.
- "N" means metal (other than steel or aluminum).
- (b) For composite IBCs, two capital letters are used in sequence following the numeral indicating IBC design type. The first letter indicates the material of the IBC inner receptacle. The second letter indicates the material of the outer IBC. For example, 31HA1 is a composite IBC with a plastic inner receptacle and a steel outer packaging.

[Amdt. 178–103, 59 FR 38068, July 26, 1994, as amended at 66 FR 45386, Aug. 28, 2001]

### §178.703 Marking of IBCs.

- (a) The manufacturer shall:
- (1) Mark every IBC in a durable and clearly visible manner. The marking may be applied in a single line or in multiple lines provided the correct sequence is followed with the information required by this section in letters, numerals and symbols of at least 12 mm in height. This minimum marking size applies only to IBCs manufactured after October 1, 2001). The following information is required in the sequence presented:
- (i) Except as provided in §178.503(e)(1)(ii), the United Nations

symbol as illustrated in §178.503(e)(1)(i). For metal IBCs on which the marking is stamped or embossed, the capital letters "UN" may be applied instead of the symbol.

- (ii) The code number designating IBC design type according to §178.702(a). The letter "W" must follow the IBC design type identification code on an IBC when the IBC differs from the requirements in subpart N of this part, or is tested using methods other than those specified in this subpart, and is approved by the Associate Administrator in accordance with the provisions in §178.801(i).
- (iii) A capital letter identifying the performance standard under which the design type has been successfully tested, as follows:
- (A) X—for IBCs meeting Packing Group I, II and III tests;
- (B) Y—for IBCs meeting Packing Group II and III tests; and
- (C) Z—for IBCs meeting only Packing Group III tests.
- (iv) The month (designated numerically) and year (last two digits) of manufacture.
- (v) The country authorizing the allocation of the mark. The letters 'USA' indicate that the IBC is manufactured and marked in the United States in compliance with the provisions of this subchapter.
- (vi) The name and address or symbol of the manufacturer or the approval agency certifying compliance with subparts N and O of this part. Symbols, if used, must be registered with the Associate Administrator.
- (vii) The stacking test load in kilograms (kg). For IBCs not designed for stacking, the figure "0" must be shown.
- (viii) The maximum permissible gross mass in kg.
- (2) The following are examples of symbols and required markings:
- (i) For a metal IBC containing solids discharged by gravity made from steel: